Preparing for GM sugarcane in South Africa: pre-commercial biosafety aspects to consider

SJ Snyman, M Gouse, L Potgieter, S Siebert and J van den Berg



International GM sugarcane landscape

USA

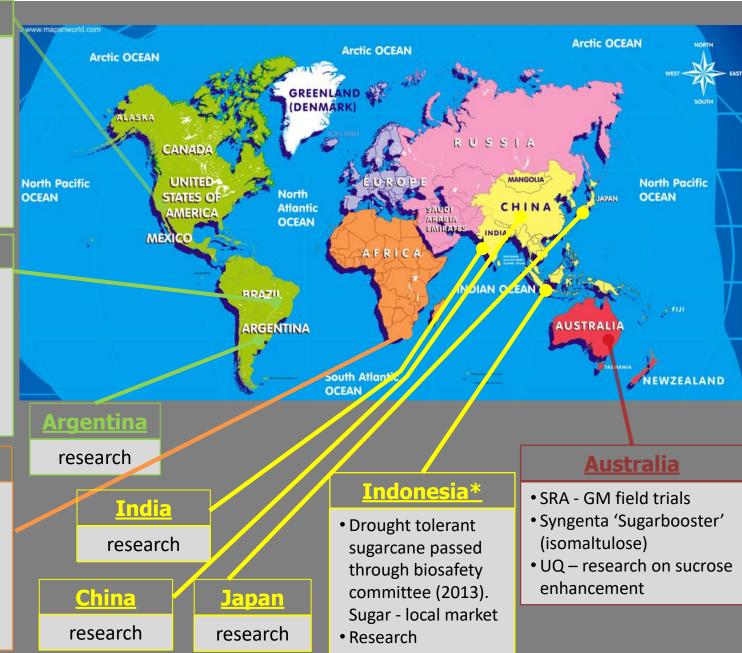
- GM sugarcane field trials and regulatory dossier (mosaic virus and herbicide tolerance)
- GM sugarbeet deregulated i.e. sugar derived from GM plants on world market

Brazil*

- CTC commercial approval for insect resistance and herbicide tolerance (2017)
- CTC field trials 2nd generation ethanol, weed and insect control

South Africa

- SASRI GM field trials
- Licence from Arcadia Biosciences, USA – N use efficiency
- Bt cane insect tolerance - start development



The problem

- Lepidopteran borers ~ R1 billion loss in revenue.
- SA biosecurity risk = *Chilo sacchariphagus* in Mozambique.



Eldana saccharina



Sesamia calamistis



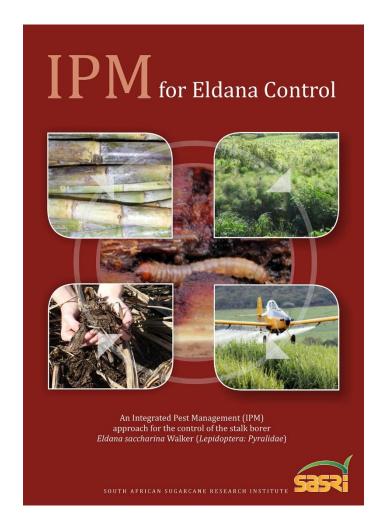
Chilo sacchariphagus



The approach

Integrated Pest Management:

- breeding
- insecticides
- soil health
- agro-ecosystem
- sugarcane genetically modified to produce lepidopteran-specific protein from bacterium Bacillus thuringiensis (Bt).



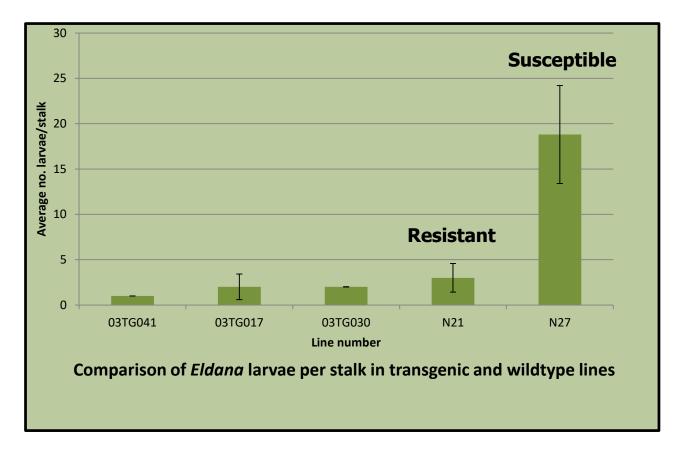


Proof of Concept

Pot-based bioassay in shade-house facility









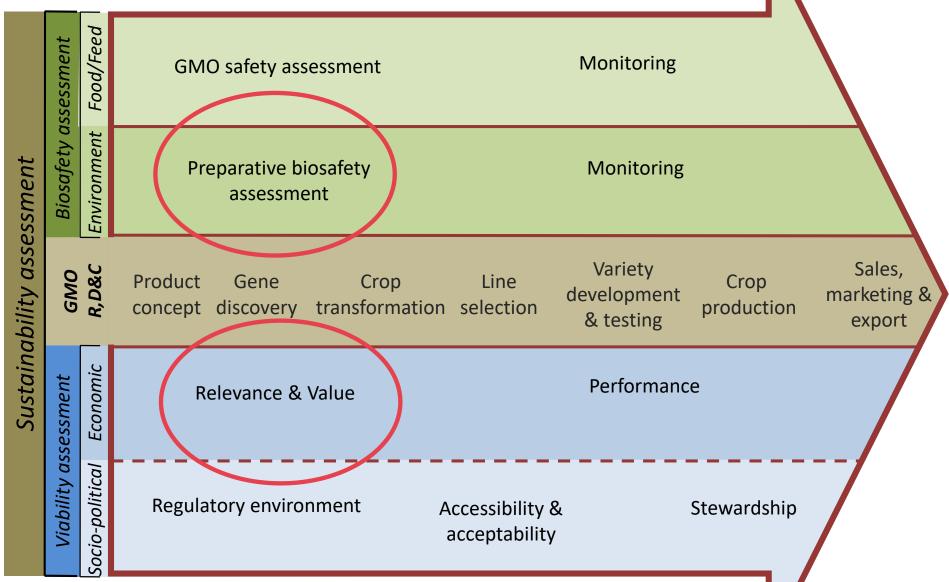
The timeframe

Year 1

- Intellectual Property audit
- Perform genetic transformations
- Select promising lines
- Conduct field trials to check agronomic and yield characteristics
- Submit regulatory dossier to GM Registrar (DAFF)
- Obtain permit for commercial cultivation
- Bulk up the GM plant via NovaCane® and large-scale nurseries
- Deploy to the industry
- Use GM line as a parent in new crosses



AN INTEGRATED, CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND COMMERCIALISATION OF A GM CROP





Project Who?

1. Ex ante socio-economic study

Marnus Gouse, Bureau for Food and Agricultural Policy, University of Pretoria
Stuart Ferrer University of Kwa-Zulu Natal





2. Bt bioassays on *Eldana* saccharina, Sesamia calamistis, Chilo partellus

Johnnie van den Berg, University of the North West and Agricultural Research Council





3. Likelihood of gene flow with wild relatives of sugarcane

Stefan Siebert, University of the North West



4. Refugia modeling for Bt sugarcane

Linke Potgieter, University of Stellenbosch



1. Ex ante socio-economic study

- Potential farm level impacts
- Economic impacts at sector/macro level
- Potential co-existence, supply chain and export market impacts
- Consumer impacts GMO and 'Health Tax'



2. Bt bioassays on lepidopteran sugarcane pests

- Cry1Ab emergence of resistance in Bt maize by *Busseola fusca*
- Important to have a high dose of Bt protein
- base-line susceptibility of eldana, chilo and sesamia to Cry1Ab
- diet- and plant-based bioassays
- other Cry proteins

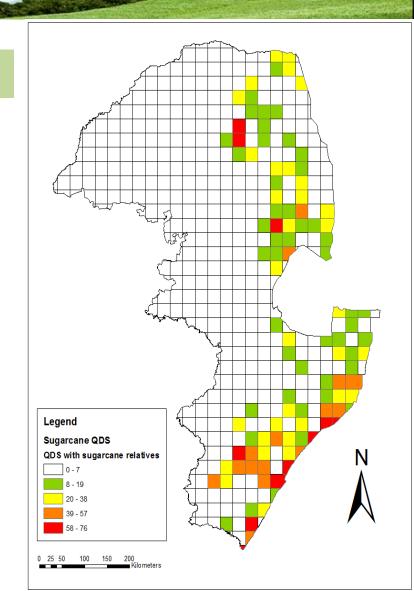


3. Assessing the likelihood of gene flow

Identification of indigenous wild relatives

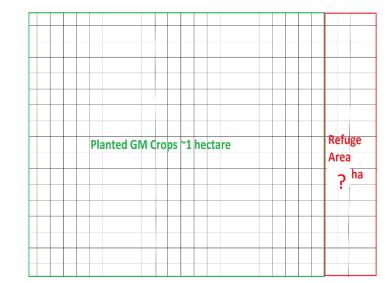
 Spatial distribution and overlap with cultivated sugarcane

Field assessment of pollen viability



4. Refugia modeling for Bt sugarcane

- Eldana population dynamics researched
- Developed model of movement and mating



- Predict impact of differently designed refuge areas on resistance evolution
- Recommend an optimal design for refuge areas in Bt sugarcane





Research Institute



